RELIGIOUS STUDIES CURRICULUM MAP 2021-22

PLEASE NOTE: 2021-22 is the transition year from the previous Bradford Agreed Syllabus to the Kirklees Agreed Syllabus, and the transition year from a two year to a three year KS3 (and three year to two year KS4). As a result, it may appear on this Curriculum map that some critical content has been omitted or has been repeated while the new syllabus is established.

The Local Agreed Syllabus for RE requires all pupils to:

- A. Investigate the beliefs and practices of religions and other world views, including:
- 1. Beliefs and authority: core beliefs and concepts; sources of authority including written traditions and leaders;
- 2. Worship and Spirituality: how individuals and communities express belief, commitment and emotion.

B. Investigate how religions and other world views address questions of meaning, purpose and value, including:

- 1. The nature of religion and belief and its key concepts;
- 2. Ultimate Questions of belonging, meaning, purpose and truth.

C. Investigate how religions and other world views influence morality, identity and diversity, including:

- 1. Moral decisions: teachings of religions and other world views on moral and ethical questions; evaluation, reflection and critical responses;
- 2. Identity and Diversity: diversity among and within religions and other world views; individual and community responses to difference and shared human values.

Year	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	Where do we live and who lives there?	How people celebrate Autumn/Winter festivals?	Who helps us? Why do we need rules?	What can we see in our wonderful world?	How do people celebrate spring festivals?	Which places are special to us?
	Our homes and local	Testivals!	willy do we need fules:	The world around	restivaist	Special places to us
	area.	Importance of celebrations.	How to be helpful to others.	them- create artwork.	Find out about their own celebrations	and others
	Different families and homes.	Christians and Harvest/	Friendship and how we	Christians and creation	Chinese New Year	Christians and Churches
		Christmas	should treat others.	Jews and creation	Hindus and Holi	Muslims and Mosques
	People in schools and their roles.	Jewish people and	Christians and Jesus	Muslims and creation	Sikhs and Vaisakhi	Compare special places
	What objects are special to me?	Rosh Hashanah/ Hannukah	Christians- Priests/ministers/ vicars	Hindus and creation	Jewish people and Pesach	
	Aretefacts, books, objects special to	Chinese people and Mid-Autumn festival.	Muslims- Prophet Muhammed	Comparing similarities and differences	Christians and Easter	
	Muslims/ Christians.	Hindus/Sikhs and Diwali. Story of Rama	Muslims and Imams.		Muslims and Eid ul- Fitr/ Eid ul- Adha	
		and Sita.				
1 Christianity	Which books and stories are special?	How do we celebrate special events?	What does it mean to belong to a church or mosque?	How and why do we care for others?	Who brought messages about God and what did they	Who brought messages about God and what did they
Islam	Which books are special to them? Why?	Celebrations. Why is saying thank you	Know what it means to	People we care about	say?	say?
	The Bible and how its	important?	belong	Listen to stories that encourage caring	Who brings us messages?	What is a promise?
	treated	Religion and festivals	Muslim and Christian symbols	(Islam/Christian stories)	Listen to various	Learn the sequence of events of Jesus' birth
		Gifts given at Harvest			stories from Old	

The Quran and how its treated	Story of Ramadan	What can you see in a Mosque/Church	How can we care for others?	Testament (see resource pack)	Know why Jesus is so special to Christians.
Christianity/Islam- explore stories with a meaning. Stories with morals	Design a celebration	Christians and Sunday. What do Christians do at Church. Muslims and belonging. Muslim prayer.		Understand what covenants are	Christians believe that Jesus is the son of God. Compare to Islam.
		Compare what it means to belong to Church/Mosque			

2 Christianity	How is new life welcomed?	How can we make good choices?	How and why do people pray?	How can we look after the planet?	What did Jesus teach and how did he live?	What did Jesus teach and how did he live?
Islam	How do we welcome someone new?	What makes a happy classroom?	The meaning of prayer	What is good about our world?	What is a calling?	Jesus and forgiveness Jesus and love
	Consider how a new baby is welcomed.	Behaviour and positive guidance.	Christians and prayer What symbols help	Being creative	Jesus and baptism Jesus and his disciples	Palm Sunday
	Importance of names	Ten commandments	Muslims and prayer	Creation story- Muslims and Christians	Explore stories about	Jesus' death and
	How Christians/Muslims welcome a new baby	and their importance. 5 pillars of Islam	Special prayers associated with festivals/seasons	Right and wrong. Our impact on the world.	Jesus-how he healed/cared.	resurrection
	Investigate other naming rituals.	Stories and parables	What places are special for prayer	Ways of conserving the environment		
				Beliefs and how it affects a person's actions		
3 Christianity	How do Jews remember God's covenant with	How do Jews remember God's covenant with	What is Spirituality and how do people experience this?	What do Christians believe about a good life?	What to the creation stories tell us?	Who can inspire us? Qualities of a leader.
Islam	Abraham and Moses?	Abraham and Moses?	experience this:		Jewish beliefs about	Quanties of a leader.
Judaism Sikhism	Promises/covenants.	Pesach. First	The meaning of spirituality	Christians and the Bible	creation	Why did Jesus make a good leader?
	Story of Noah	Pesach/Pesach today	Christian images	Christians rules. Right and wrong.	Islamic beliefs about creation	

	Judaism and Abraham.	Shabbat- importance	Islam and calligraphy.		Sikhism and creation	Prophet Muhammed
	Importance of	to Jewish people.		Jesus and parables.		as a role
	Abraham. Stories.	Synagogue. The work	99 names of Allah	Explore parables.	Judaism and creation. 'Day of rest' in	model/inspiration
	Judaism and Moses. Story of the exodus	of a rabbi	Music as an expression of beliefs- Sikhism.	Friendship. 'Befriending of	different religions	Moses as role
	,	Torah	Music in other	Zacchaeus by Jesus'	Relevance of creation	model/inspiration.
			religions.	Jesus- healing stories.	stories today. Looking after the environment.	Modern day leaders.
			Religions and dance-	How to show you care.		
			Judaism		Other creation stories	Who inspires you?
				Religion- real-life scenarios.	(not religious)	
4	How are important	How are important	What faiths are shared	What faiths are shared	How do the Five Pillars	Why are Gurus at the
	events remembered?	events remembered?	in our country?	in our country?	guide Muslims?	heart of Sikh belief
Christianity						and practice?
Islam	The story of Hannukah	The importance of light	What does belonging	Diversity- less common	Important features of	
Judaism		(different civilisations)	mean?	faiths in our area.	Islam	What is a teacher?
Sikhism	Sikh Diwali- Festival of	.		Devenientien		What is a guru?
	Bandi Chor Divas	Pagans and solstices	Religions in the local	Denomination- differences and	Origins of Islam-	Faulty life of Course
	Hindus and Diwali- the	Light in other senants	community (cross circular links to	similarities within	Prophet Muhammed	Early life of Guru Nanak
	story of Rama and Sita	Light in other aspects- religious and non-	Geography and IT)	faiths.	(pbuh)	INdfidK
	Story of Railia and Sita	religious.	Geography and H		Main features of 5	Guru Nanak's 3-day
	(may be more than one lesson each)	Teligious.	Religions in the UK- compare to local	Key features/artefacts in a place of worship	pillars	disappearance
			community		Monotheism. First	Guru Nanak's
			community	Different faiths	pillar- Shahadah.	teachings/stories
			(may be more than one	working together-		
			lesson each)	community cohesion	Second pillar- Salaah	Sikh beliefs: Guru
			,			Granth Sahib, music,
					Third pillar- Sawm	God
					Fourth pillar- Zakat	

					Fifth pillar- Hajj	Golden Temple and the Gurdwara
5 Christianity Islam Judaism Sikhism	Why are some journeys and places special? Special places Jewish people and the Western Wall Muslims and Makkah Christians- special places/ journeys	Why are some journeys and places special?Sikhs and reflection.Amritsar- The Golden TempleImportance of Jerusalem to Christians, Jews and Muslims	 What values are shown in codes for living? Concept of being bad/good. What is a Humanist? Being 'good without God' Bible texts- Jesus' values Prophet Muhammed (pbuh) stories. 	What values are shown in codes for living? How can we fix a 'broken world?' Jewish values- Tikkun Olam. Jewish charities. Why is peace important to all people? 'Codes for Living' Creating a code for living	Should we forgive others?Reconciliation and forgivenessJesus and forgivenessJesus and forgivenessChristians and confessionForgiveness that reflects Christian teachingJesus' teaching of reconciliation in real- life scenarios	What to Christians believe about the old and new covenants? Covenant between Abraham and God Abraham- Muslims, Christians and Jews Moses -Jews and Christians King David- Christians and Jews Jesus- a Messiah Jesus' titles
6 Christianity Islam Judaism	How do Sikhs show commitment? What values are important?	How do Sikhs show commitment? Amrit	What do Christians believe about Jesus' death and resurrection?	What do Christians believe about Jesus' death and resurrection?	How does growing up bring responsibilities? When do children become adults? Rites	How do Jews remember the Kings and Prophets in worship and life?
Sikhism	How do Sikhs show commitment?	5 K's Sewa	Gospel- Jesus' last days and death	Jesus' death- sacrifice Resurrection	of passage	Judaism- what do you already know?

			Gospel- Palm Sunday		Promises- rites of	Shabbat
	Sikhs- symbols	What can we learn		Victory- Christian	passage	
	,	about Sikh beliefs?	The Last Supper,	perspective		King David. Prophets
	Sikh teachings/stories		Maundy Thursday		Jewish- rites of passage	
				The Day of Pentecost		The story of Esther.
			Good Friday,	The buy of rencedese	Amrit. Formation of	Purim
			Crucifixion	Kingship	Khalsa	
						The Ten
				Churches- Holy Week	Confirmation and Believers' Baptism	Commandments.
						Jews- Near Year
					Reflect on learning	festivals
					about rites of passages	
						How do Jews
						contribute to the world
						today?
7	What is Religion?	What do Hindus	What do Hindus	How do Sikhs show	What does it mean to	PROJECT TBC
		believe?	believe?	commitment?	be a Jew?	
	The importance of RE.					(Spirited
		Hindu Gods and	The caste system	Features of the	Exodus, Pesach and the	Arts)
	What is Empathy?	Goddesses (Brahman,		Gurdwara and how this	importance of freedom	
		Trimurti)	The life of Gandhi and	reflects Sikh beliefs.	for Jews today.	
	Facts and beliefs.		his influence.			
		Avatars of Vishnu - The		Langar – equality and	Evaluating the 10	
	What do we know	Ramayana	How do Sikhs show	empathy	Commandments.	
	about the Big 6?		commitment?		Deine lewish	
	The difference	Puja		Sewa	Being Jewish – commitment to the	
	between religions and	-	-Introduction-		faith	
	worldviews.	Key Hindu beliefs	establishing prior	What does it mean to		
		(dharma, samsara,	knowledge/ building	be a Jew?	Jewish food laws –	
			on KS2			
		moksha, karma,	0111(32		Kashrut. Kosher and	
		moksha, karma, reincarnation)		Jewish beliefs and practices	Kashrut, Kosher and Treifah.	

	How does religious belief impact believer's lives?	Being Hindu – rites of passage	Life and teachings of Guru Nanak. Birth of the Khalsa – Discussion of why someone would choose to be a Khalsa Sikh.	Revisiting Abraham and the Covenant. Jewish artefacts and how they reflect worship (Tallit, Mezuzah, Torah, yad, menorah, tefillin)		
8	What does it mean to be Muslim?	What does it mean to be Muslim?	The 8-fold Middle Path	Was Jesus the Son of God? Continued	How do beliefs affect death and mortality?	What is Marriage and how is it celebrated?
	The life of Prophet Muhammad. The Sunni/Shi'a split Muslims beliefs about God – reflected in Islamic art. Authority in Islam – evaluating the importance of the Qur'an, Hadith/Sunnah	The impact of following the Five Pillars Malala How do Buddhists view life? Introduction- establishing prior knowledge	The 5 precepts Right Livelihood Buddhist worship and symbols. Applying Buddhist teachings Was Jesus the Son of God?	Discipleship Miracles Jesus' moral teachings Crucifixion and Resurrection	Beliefs about the relationship between the body and soul. What happens when a person dies? -Christian -Muslim -Hindu -Humanist How do funeral rites reflect beliefs about	
	and Ummah Showing commitment to the faith.	The life of Siddhartha Gotama The Three Universal Truths The Four Noble Truths	The Incarnation Trinity and Baptism		life after death? Is there any evidence for life after death? Expressing students ideas about death and the afterlife	

9	Is it reasonable to believe in God in the 21 st Century?	Is it reasonable to believe in God in the 21 st Century?	How do we know how to behave?	Does religion promote or prevent equality?	Does religion promote or prevent equality?	TBC - Student research /presentation project: Research an example
	 Arguments, evidence and the nature of proof. The nature of God: Omnipotence, omnibenevolence, omniscience. Arguments for God – the First Cause argument Arguments for God – the Design Argument. Arguments for God – Miracles Arguments for God – Religious Experiences 	Atheism and Agnosticism Arguments against God – The problem of evil. Assessment: Is it reasonable to believe in God in the 21 st century? How do we know how to behave?? Introduction to ethics. What is meant by ethics and morality? How to people make moral decision- what influences them?	Different ways of thinking – teleological vs deontological : Utilitarianism Situation Ethics Natural Law Application of teleological and deontological thinking to ethical dilemmas Case Study: Organ donation	What does it mean to be equal? Human rights and social Justice - Amnesty International Freedom of Religious Expression Prejudice and discrimination – Gender and sexuality Religious discrimination - racism	Positive discrimination. Religious attitudes towards poverty and wealth: -causes of poverty -religious organisations which help the poor.	of a person or group who has fought for equality from a religious perspective. (National or local)
10	AQA GCSE RS Theme B -Religion and Life	AQA GCSE RS: Muslim beliefs	AQA GCSE RS: Muslim beliefs	AQA GCSE RS Christian Practices	AQA GCSE RS: Christian Practices	Consolidation /Revision/ Student presentations

	Origins of the universe Value of the world The use and abuse of the environment Pollution The use and abuse of animals The origins of human life Abortion Euthanasia Death and the afterlife	The oneness of God Key beliefs in Sunni and Shi'a Islam The nature of God Angels Predestination	Life after Death Prophethood and Adam and Ibrahim Muhammad and the Imamate The Holy books Revision/Assessment	Worship – Liturgical and non-liturgical Prayer – including the Lords Prayer The sacraments; Infant and believer's baptism The sacraments; Holy Communion Pilgrimage: Lourdes and Iona Celebrating Festivals: Christmas and Easter	The role of the church in the local community: Street pastors and food banks. ·Mission and evangelism Church growth The importance of the worldwide church Christian persecution Poverty – Christian relief organisations (Christian Aid, Tear Fund CAFOD)	
11	AQA GCSE RS: Christian Practices Worship – Liturgical and non-liturgical Prayer – including the Lords Prayer	AQA GCSE RS: Christian Practices The role of the church in the local community: Street pastors and food banks.	AQA GCSE RS Theme A: Relationships and families Christian teachings about human sexuality	AQA GCSE RS Theme D: Religion, Peace and Conflict Violent protest and terrorism Reasons for war	REVISION/EXAMS	

The sacraments; Infant	·Mission and	Sexual relationships	Nuclear war and	
and believer's baptism	evangelism	before and outside	weapons of mass	
•		marriage	destruction	
The sacraments; Holy	Church growth	5		
Communion		Contraception and	The just war theory	
	The importance of the	family planning		
Pilgrimage: Lourdes	worldwide church		Holy war and religion	
and Iona		Christian teachings	as a cause of violence	
	Christian persecution	about marriage		
Celebrating Festivals:		_	Pacifism and peace	
Christmas and Easter	Poverty – Christian	Divorce and	making	
	relief organisations	remarriage		
	(Christian Aid, Tear		Religious responses to	
	Fund CAFOD)	Religious teachings	victims of war	
		about the nature and		
		purpose of families in		
		the 21st century		
		Religious attitudes to		
		gender equality		

General skill development

In Y1 pupils should be able to: Recall, talk about and notice, respond to questions and talk about ideas.

In Y2 pupils should be able to: Recall and name, retell and suggest meanings for and recognise similarities and differences.

In Y4 pupils should be able to: describe and make links; explain and give reasons; describe and show understanding; explore and describe similarities and differences; reflect and give examples.

In Y6 pupils should also be able to: compare and contrast views; give a considered response; explain a range of opinions and give reasons; weigh up different points of view; summarise and apply a range of ideas.